MATH 1450 EXAM 4

NAME

Answer <u>each</u> of the next questions separately and **show** your correct work for a full credit.

1. (3pts) Antiderivatives: u-substitution (3pts) -SHOW ALL STEPS for a all full credit

(a)
$$\int \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx$$

(b)
$$\int \frac{x}{(8-2x^2)^3} dx$$

(c)
$$\int (4+3x)^4 (3) dx$$

2. Definite integrals and FTC (3pts) (No decimal answer!)

(a) if
$$y = \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} t^3 \sqrt{1+t^2} dt$$
, find y'
(b) Evaluate $\int_0^{\ln(3)} 2e^x dx$.
(c) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{x - \sqrt{x}}{6} dx$

3. Area under the curve and FTC (3pts) (No decimal answer!)

- (a) Calculate the area above the x-axis, and below the graph of g(x) = |2x + 4| which is bounded by x = -3 and x = 0 using:
 (i) geometry
 (ii) integration (show your work!).
- (b) Find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of the equations. $y = \frac{1}{x}, x = 1, x = e, y = 0$

4. Area approximation: Riemann Sums (5pts) (up to four decimals answer!)

- (a) Use a **Left** Sum with **four** rectangles of equal width to approximate the area under the graph of $f(x) = x^3$, between x = 0 and x = 1.
- (b) Use a **Right** Sum with **four** rectangles of equal width to approximate the area under the graph of $f(x) = x^3$, between x = 0 and x = 1.
- (c) From the previous answers in (a) and (b), what would be the area of the region using a Trapezoidal rule?
- (d) What is the exact value of the region? (use FTC rule)
- (e) What is the percentage of error when you compare the value found in (c) to the one found in (d)?